# GraphPad prism 卡方检验操作详细步骤

一、卡方检验软件操作 1.选择所需图表样式

①打开软件,选择左侧 New Table & Graph 中的 Contingency 选项。

②点击创建。

Welcome to GraphPad Prism	der der				
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Graph portfolio					2
Prism Tips					Cancel Create

## 2.输入数据,完善表格

①在此处输入数据所设置的组别。

②在此处输入各组的所有的样本数据。

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Project info 1	2	Title					
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## 3.查看结果

①选择页面左侧 Graphs 的附属选项 Data 1。

②选择所需图形样式。



条图的高度反映出各组的具体数据(n)。

#### 4.结果图

①点击菜单栏中 change 模块中的第一行第二个图标,根据需求编辑横纵坐标。

②点击菜单栏中 Write 模块中的第二行第一个图标,根据需求在图表中编辑 文字。







③点击菜单栏中 change 模块中的第一行第三个图标。

④选择第三对话框。

⑤根据图形需求,设定组内条图间的距离,0 或者 10。

		Change	Format Graph
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			Change Graph Type Help Cancel Apply



## 5.输入数据,完善表格

①输入组别与各组对应样本数据。

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	7	Title			
	8	Title			
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百分条图,需要重新输入原始例数的百分数,软件无法直接给出。条图长度为100%。

#### 6.查看结果

①选择页面左侧 Graphs 的附属选项 Data 1。
 ②选择所需图形样式;如百分条图。



③点击菜单栏中 change 模块中的第一行第二个图标,根据需求编辑横纵坐标。 ④点击菜单栏中 Write 模块中的第二行第一个图标,根据需求在图表中编辑文字。



⑤点击菜单栏中 change 模块中的第一行第二个图标,根据需求编辑横纵坐标。



⑥选择第二个对话框:Xaixs。

⑦取消此处对勾。

⑧编辑 X 轴起始值。

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三、卡方检验之 χ2 四格表分析

## 1.实例分析

某工地使用 A、B 两种填缝剂来填补地板砖缝隙防止漏水。并统计了部分数据, 试分析哪种填缝剂防漏水效果有何差异?

填缝剂	防水	不防水	合计	有效防水率(%)
A	43	50	93	46
В	63	31	94	67
合计	106	81	187	5720 ZSCI

### 2.选择所需图表样式

①打开软件,选择左侧 Contingency 选项,点击创建。

②填写数据。



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# 3.输入数据,完善表格

①点击页面左侧 Results,弹出右侧窗口。

②选择目录树 Contingency table analyses 项的附属项 Chi-square(and

Fisher's exact)test 项。

	Table: Data 1	•
Family Search results Data Tables Data 1 Info Results Data 1 Data 1 Layouts	Which analysis Which analysis?  Transform, Normalize XY analyses Column analyses Grouped analyses Chirsquare (and Fisher's exact) Courn stasses Row means with SD or SEM Fraction of total Survival analyses Parts of whole analyses Parts of whole analyses Generate curve Simulate data Recently used	Analyze which data sets?
	-	

上一页面结束后,弹出此页面

③P value calculations 项中选择 Chi-square test 项。

④Additional calculations 项中选择 Odds ratio 项。

Parameters: Chi-square (and Fisher's exact) test
P value calculations
Fisher's exact test
Yates' continuity corrected chi-square test
Chi-square test     (3)
Chi-square test for trend
Looking for the z test to compare proportions? Choose the chi-square test (with or without the Yates' correction). The chi-square and z tests are equivalent.
Options
P values: One-tailed O Two-tailed
Confidence Interval: 95% -
Additional calculations
Codds ratio
Relative Risk
Difference between proportions
Sensitivity, specificity and predictive values
Significant digits
Show: 4 👻 significant digits
点击确认
Learn Cancel

# 4.查看结果

上一页面结束后,弹出此页面。

Table Analyzed	Data 1			
Chi-square				
Chi-square, df	8.225, 1			
Z	2.868			
P value	0.0041			
P value summary	**			
One- or two-sided	Two-sided			
Statistically significant? (alpha<0.05)	Yes			
Strength of association				
Odds ratio	0.4232			
95% confidence interval	0.2340 to	0.7654		
Data analyzed	Y		Ν	Total
A	43		50	93
В	63		31	94
Total	106		81	‡8 <sup>‡</sup> SCI

P < 0.05, OR 值和 95%CI 大于 1, 表示该因素是危险因素; P < 0.05, OR 值和 95%CI 小于 1, 表示该因素是保护因素。(此处需综合 P 值和 OR 值来考虑)χ2= 8.225 P= 0.0041

①选择页面左侧 Graphs 的附属选项 Data 1。

②选择所需图形样式。



③点击菜单栏中 change 模块中的第一行第二个图标,根据需求编辑横纵坐标。 ④点击菜单栏中 Write 模块中的第二行第一个图标,根据需求在图表中编辑文字。







⑤点击菜单栏中 change 模块中的第一行第三个图标。

⑥选择第三对话框。

⑦3.根据图形需求,设定组内条图间的距离,0或者 10。

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